

1 PHILLIP A. TALBERT
2 United States Attorney
3 STEPHANIE M. STOKMAN
4 Assistant United States Attorney
5 2500 Tulare Street, Suite 4401
6 Fresno, CA 93721
7 Telephone: (559) 497-4000
8 Facsimile: (559) 497-4099
9
10 Attorneys for Plaintiff
11 United States of America
12
13

14 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
15
16 EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

17 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

18 Plaintiff,

19 v.

20 OSCAR ARMANDO ORELLANA
21 GUEVARA,

22 Defendants.

23 CASE NO. 1:21-CR-00051-ADA-BAM

24 STIPULATION REGARDING EXCLUDABLE
25 TIME PERIODS UNDER SPEEDY TRIAL ACT;
26 FINDINGS AND ORDER

27 DATE: February 8, 2023

28 TIME: 1:00 p.m.

29 COURT: Hon. Barbara A. McAuliffe

30
31 This case is set for status conference on February 8, 2023. On May 13, 2020, this Court issued
32 General Order 618, which suspends all jury trials in the Eastern District of California “until further
33 notice.” Further, pursuant to General Order 611, this Court’s declaration of judicial emergency under
34 U.S.C. § 3174, and the Ninth Circuit Judicial Council’s Order of April 16, 2020 continuing this Court’s
35 judicial emergency, this Court has allowed district judges to continue all criminal matters to a date after
36 May 2, 2021.¹ This and previous General Orders, as well as the declarations of judicial emergency,
37 were entered to address public health concerns related to COVID-19.

38 Although the General Orders and declarations of emergency address the district-wide health
39 concern, the Supreme Court has emphasized that the Speedy Trial Act’s end-of-justice provision
40 “counteract[s] substantive openendedness with procedural strictness,” “demand[ing] on-the-record

41
42 ¹ A judge “may order case-by-case exceptions” at the discretion of that judge “or upon the
43 request of counsel, after consultation with counsel and the Clerk of the Court to the extent such an order
44 will impact court staff and operations.” General Order 618, ¶ 7 (E.D. Cal. May 13, 2020).

1 findings" in a particular case. *Zedner v. United States*, 547 U.S. 489, 509 (2006). "[W]ithout on-the-
 2 record findings, there can be no exclusion under" § 3161(h)(7)(A). *Id.* at 507. Moreover, any such
 3 failure cannot be harmless. *Id.* at 509; *see also United States v. Ramirez-Cortez*, 213 F.3d 1149, 1153
 4 (9th Cir. 2000) (explaining that a judge ordering an ends-of-justice continuance must set forth explicit
 5 findings on the record "either orally or in writing").

6 Based on the plain text of the Speedy Trial Act—which *Zedner* emphasizes as both mandatory
 7 and inexcusable—General Orders 611, 612, 617, and 618 and the subsequent declaration of judicial
 8 emergency require specific supplementation. Ends-of-justice continuances are excludable only if "the
 9 judge granted such continuance on the basis of his findings that the ends of justice served by taking such
 10 action outweigh the best interest of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial." 18 U.S.C.
 11 § 3161(h)(7)(A). Moreover, no such period is excludable unless "the court sets forth, in the record of
 12 the case, either orally or in writing, its reason or finding that the ends of justice served by the granting of
 13 such continuance outweigh the best interests of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial." *Id.*

14 The General Orders and declaration of judicial emergency exclude delay in the "ends of justice."
 15 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7) (Local Code T4). Although the Speedy Trial Act does not directly address
 16 continuances stemming from pandemics, natural disasters, or other emergencies, this Court has
 17 discretion to order a continuance in such circumstances. For example, the Ninth Circuit affirmed a two-
 18 week ends-of-justice continuance following Mt. St. Helens' eruption. *Furlow v. United States*, 644 F.2d
 19 764 (9th Cir. 1981). The court recognized that the eruption made it impossible for the trial to proceed.
 20 *Id.* at 767-68; *see also United States v. Correa*, 182 F. Supp. 326, 329 (S.D.N.Y. 2001) (citing *Furlow* to
 21 exclude time following the September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks and the resultant public emergency).
 22 The coronavirus is posing a similar, albeit more enduring, barrier to the prompt proceedings mandated
 23 by the statutory rules.

24 In light of the societal context created by the foregoing, this Court should consider the following
 25 case-specific facts in finding excludable delay appropriate in this particular case under the ends-of-
 26 justice exception, § 3161(h)(7) (Local Code T4).² If continued, this Court should designate a new date
 27

28 ² The parties note that General Order 612 acknowledges that a district judge may make
 "additional findings to support the exclusion" at the judge's discretion. General Order 612, ¶ 5 (E.D.
 Cal. March 18, 2020).

1 for the status conference. *United States v. Lewis*, 611 F.3d 1172, 1176 (9th Cir. 2010) (noting any
2 pretrial continuance must be “specifically limited in time”).

3 **STIPULATION**

4 Plaintiff United States of America, by and through its counsel of record, and defendant, by and
5 through defendant’s counsel of record, hereby stipulate as follows:

6 1. By previous order, this matter was set for status on February 8, 2023.

7 2. By this stipulation, defendant now moves to continue the status conference until May 24,
8 2023, and to exclude time between February 8, 2023, and May 24, 2023, under 18 U.S.C.

9 § 3161(h)(7)(A), B(iv) [Local Code T4].

10 3. The parties agree and stipulate, and request that the Court find the following:

11 a) The government has represented that the discovery associated with this case
12 includes reports, photographs, and audio files. This discovery has been either produced directly
13 to counsel and/or made available for inspection and copying, and the production of additional
14 discovery is anticipated.

15 b) Counsel for defendant desires additional time to further review discovery, discuss
16 potential resolution with his client and the government, and investigate and prepare for trial.

17 c) Counsel for defendant believes that failure to grant the above-requested
18 continuance would deny him/her the reasonable time necessary for effective preparation, taking
19 into account the exercise of due diligence.

20 d) The government does not object to the continuance.

21 e) Based on the above-stated findings, the ends of justice served by continuing the
22 case as requested outweigh the interest of the public and the defendant in a trial within the
23 original date prescribed by the Speedy Trial Act.

24 f) For the purpose of computing time under the Speedy Trial Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3161,
25 et seq., within which trial must commence, the time period of February 8, 2023 to May 24, 2023,
26 inclusive, is deemed excludable pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A), B(iv) [Local Code T4]
27 because it results from a continuance granted by the Court at defendants’ request on the basis of
28 the Court’s finding that the ends of justice served by taking such action outweigh the best interest

1 of the public and the defendants in a speedy trial.

2 g) The parties also agree that this continuance is necessary for several reasons,
3 including but not limited to, the need to permit time for the parties to exchange supplemental
4 discovery, engage in plea negotiations, and for the defense to continue its investigation and
5 preparation, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A) and 3161(h)(7)(B)(i) and (iv).

6 4. Nothing in this stipulation and order shall preclude a finding that other provisions of the
7 Speedy Trial Act dictate that additional time periods are excludable from the period within which a trial
8 must commence.

9 IT IS SO STIPULATED.

10 Dated: January 24, 2023

PHILLIP A. TALBERT
United States Attorney

11 /s/ STEPHANIE M. STOKMAN
12 STEPHANIE M. STOKMAN
13 Assistant United States Attorney

14 Dated: January 24, 2023

15 /s/ MICHAEL BERDINELLA
16 MICHAEL BERDINELLA
17 Counsel for Defendant
18 OSCAR ARMANDO
ORELLANA GUEVARA

19 **ORDER**

20 IT IS SO ORDERED that the status conference is continued from February 8, 2023, to **May 24,**
21 **2023, at 1:00 p.m. before Magistrate Judge Barbara A. McAuliffe.** Time is excluded pursuant to 18
22 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A), B(iv). The Court intends to set a trial date at the next status conference. If the
23 parties do not resolve the case in advance of the next status conference, they shall be prepared to set a trial
24 date at the status conference hearing.

25 IT IS SO ORDERED.

26 Dated: January 24, 2023

27 /s/ Barbara A. McAuliffe

28 UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE